G W Johnson

The Daily Bulletin.

VOL. VII.—NO. 1155.] CHARLOTTE, N. C., MONDAY, JANUARY 26, 1863. [$6 PER ANNUM.

THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD H. BRITTON.

SECOND EDITION.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Monday Morning, Jan'y. 26, '63.

[TELEGRAPHED FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

North Carolina Legislature.

RALEIGH, Jan. 24.

The Senate had under consideration today *the Ten Regiments Bill.*

The House also had under consideration the same Bill and it was debated at length.

F.

From Wilmington.

WILMINGTON, Jan. 22.

It is semi-officially reported that the enemy burnt the bridge at Jacksonville, Onslow county, and retired towards Newbern. All quiet here.

More Victories.

MCMINNVILLE, TENN., Jan. 22.

A detachment of one hundred Georgians, under Colonel Hutchison, made a brilliant dash into Murfreesboro, in sight of the enemy's cavalry camp, 2,000 strong, yesterday, and captured 200 prisoners and twenty wagons.

Reliable information from Kentucky, says Gen. Woolford, in his speech to his men, and 3,000 citizens, at Lebanon, on January 15th, told his men to go home for twenty days; if within that time the President did not modify his emancipation proclamation, he would not call them together to fight against the South, but take the field in behalf of the South against the Northern Government.

(Signed) G. A. ELSWORTH,
Morgan's Operator.

[The above is confirmed by the dispatch from Gen. Bragg, which will be found in another place.—*Ed. Bulletin.*

From Vicksburg.

VICKSBURG, Jan. 22.

Sixty gunboats and transports passed Greenville, coming down. We are prepared for them.

An Official Dispatch.

TULLAHOMA, Jan. 23.

To Gen. S. Cooper:

Lieutenant-Colonel Hutchison, with one hundred men of Morgan's cavalry, made a dash yesterday, upon the enemy's camp at Murfreesboro, and captured and brought off safely over 150 prisoners and thirty wagons. Major Hohan, of Wheeler's cavalry, since the last report, has captured and destroyed another large transport on the Cumberland, loaded with subsistence. The enemy has made no show of advance from Murfreesboro.

(Signed) BRAXTON BRAGG.

From the West.

MOBILE, Jan. 23.

A special dispatch to the *Advertiser & Register*, dated Grenada, 22d inst., says a gentleman from Memphis, on the 19th, states that Grant's army were there embarking for the purpose of moving down the river. The fleet below Helena were upon half rations.

Yankee Account of the Capture of the Harriet Lane.

MOBILE, Jan. 23.

The evening papers contain the correspondence of the New Orleans Delta, dated Galveston, January 13, which says that the rebels occupy the city, with a force of five to seven thousand men. The city is well fortified, with batteries all around.

The gunboat hatteras was in chase of a strange sail on Sunday morning, and heavy firing was soon after heard. The sloop-of-war Brooklyn and the gunboat Sciota started in pursuit, and picked up a boat containing an officer and five men belonging to the Hatteras, who reported that the Hatteras ranged alongside of a strange steamer, when the steamer opened a furious fire on the Hatteras, and in about twenty minutes the Hatteras stopped, evidently crippled. The Brooklyn and Sciota cruised all night and found the wreck of the Hatteras in nine fathoms water. The victor had disappeared. The Hatteras had three rifled guns and four 32-pounders. It is supposed that the rebel had 68-pounders by the sound. Some think she was from Mobile, and not the Alabama. The guns and fortifications at Galveston are formidable.

Gallant Exploit.

Correspondence of the Petersburg Express.]

HERTFORD Co., N. C., Jan. 19, '63.

A few days since, a party of buffaloes attacked a government convoy with several thousand pounds of bacon, and were about to capture the whole. The teamsters and guard fled at their approach. A scout of only 6 men, under Captain Hogwood, of Wheeler's (66th) Regiment, hearing of the circumstances, rushed to the spot, drove off the marauders, rescued the bacon and conveyed it to camp.

Thus a lesson was taught the cowardly wretches that we hope they will remember. [illegible]

WANTED.

A good Cook, Washer and Ironer. Apply to E. W. LYLES.
Jan 23-d3t*

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

By order of the Court of Ordinary for Chester District, I will expose to public sale at Chester Court House on Monday, the 2d of February next, a portion of the personal property belonging to the estate of H. C. BRAWLEY, dec'd, consisting of Negroes, Mules, Horses, Colts, a fine Jack and Jennet, and other articles.

Terms of Sale made known on that day.
Jan 23-4t JAS. HEMPHILL, Admr.

APPLES! APPLES!!

I have for sale a few Hundred Bushels of very fine APPLES. Apply at once to the subscriber at Morganton, N. C.
J. A. CLAYWELL.
January 20, 1863—1m

Headquarters Cavalry Brigade, January 15th, 1863.

GENERAL ORDER
No.—.

The General Commanding announces to all absentees from his Brigade, that should they voluntarily report for duty within fifteen days after the publication of his order, that is before the 1st of February next, no charges will be instituted against them for past delinquencies.

This does not include commissioned officers, whose example, in several instances, has been injurious to the men.

By order of Brig. Gen. B. H. Robertson
WM. A WORTHINGTON,
Jan 21—tf A. D. C.

WANTED.

Three or four good steady Shoe Makers can find regular employment and good wages with WILLIAMS & GRAY.
Jan. 16, '63-tf

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE CHARLESTON MERCURY
A POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL, AND LITERARY
NEWSPAPER
PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY

THE MERCURY gives daily reports of the Market and Marine Intelligence in Charleston, and of Charleston commerce in the leading seaports of the world. The Weekly Prices Current is made up with much care, and from the most reliable sources. Its connection with the "Associated Press" insures the latest intelligence by Telegraph and the earliest news by Steamers from Europe. It has an able and accomplished Correspondent in London (a gentleman connected with the editorial staff of the London Times,) and regular Correspondents in New York, Washington, Key West and Havana. The monthly New York Fashion Letters and weekly letters on Life in Washington are additional attractions in favor of its lady readers. Its literary notices, from the pen of a gentleman who occupies perhaps the highest position among the literary men of the South, are discriminating and comprehensive.—Attention is paid to all matters of general concern, especially those in reference to the Planting and Agricultural interest, and to the current news of the day. Great care is taken that nothing shall appear in its columns which should be excluded from the family circle.

The political creed of the MERCURY consists in the principles of the Democratic Party, as laid down in the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions of 1798 and 1799—the Sovereignty of the States; a strict construction of the Federal Constitution by the General Government, the agent of the States; [illegible] and an economical Administration of the Government. Its policy is the Union of the Southern States in maintaining their rights.

Terms—Payable in Advance.

DAILY, per annum..........$10.00
TRI-WEEKLY..........5.00

Clubs will be Furnished as follows

Five Copies of the DAILY for..........$40.00
Five Copies of the TRI-WEEKLY..........20.00

The name of no person out of Charleston will be entered on our books, unless the payment of the subscription be made in advance. Nor will orders from without the city to publish Advertisements, Marriage Notices, or Obituaries, be attended to, unless the cash, or an acceptable City reference, accompany the order. Money may always be forwarded at our risk in registered letters.

POSTMASTERS are authorised to act as our Agents in obtaining subscribers and forwarding the money; and by sending us *Five* DAILY subscribers, with $50 enclosed—or *Five* TRI-WEEKLY subscribers, with $25 enclosed, will be entitled to an *extra copy*; or if preferred, they may retain *Twenty per cent.* of the pre-payments, for their trouble and in lieu of the extra paper.

Out of South Carolina, no person whatever is authorised to collect debts already due to the MERCURY.

In the State MR. SAMUEL E. BURGESS is our regular Agent to make collections and procure new business and subscriptions.

In Charleston, MR. JAMES D. BURNS, connected with the office, is our regular authorised collector who has full power to receipt for money now due the paper and to contract for future business.

Subscribers and others, in debt to us, are urgently requested to send in our dues by mail at the earliest period. By so doing, they will save us twenty per cent., an amount equivalent to a principal portion of the profits.

☞ EDITORS in the State and throughout the South, who receive our TRI-WEEKLY for their WEEKLY, are respectfully requested to compensate us for the difference in value by inserting this Prospectus.

R. B. RHETT, JR.
No. 4. Broad Street, Charleston, S. C.

VALUABLE PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE and LOT known as the
SIMONTON HOUSE,
IS OFFERED FOR SALE!!

THE BUILDING IS 110 feet front, and 107 feet deep, three stories high, brick and tin roof. The Building has

TWO LARGE HALLS,

occupied by the Masons and I. O. O. F. Basement is divided into four large dry rooms, used for grocery and shoe shops. Two of the

FINEST STORE ROOMS

in the State, running the whole length of the building, with large cellars and ware rooms, counting rooms and a fine sky light room on the second story, and a wagon yard in rear of the building.

THE HOTEL,

is the best arranged in this country, large and fine rooms, well furnished:

BRICK KITCHEN
AND
SMOKE HOUSE,

large STABLE and HORSE LOT with water convenient.

This is the most desirable property ever offered for sale in this country. Statesville is a desirable place to [illegible] a [illegible] trade. The Female [illegible] and a good Male School, in successful operation, the Western N. C. Rail Road and the Charlotte and Statesville Rail Road bring a great travel and trade to the town, and it is well known Statesville is the best place for trade in Western N. C. The terms will be made to suit the [illegible]. Any length of time can be given, or Confederate money or bonds will be received.—This property is now paying a good rent, and will continue to do so, and would not be sold only for division.

☞ If the property is not sold privately, it will be sold to the highest bidder on TUESDAY of February Court for Iredell County.

R. F. SIMONTON,
Surviving Partner.
December 25, 1862—wts

ATLANTIC, TENN. & OHIO RAIL ROAD.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio Rail Road Company on the 15th instant, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That all subscriptions of Stock heretofore made to the Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio Rail Road Company, on which three or more instalments have been paid, and on which default has been made to pay the balance due, are hereby declared forfeited to the use and benefit of the Company, including all payments made on the same, according to the provisions of the Charter, provided all arrearages on said Stock are not paid by the 15th of October next.

Resolved, That suit be instituted against all other solvent and delinquent Stockholders failing to make payment by the 1st of October next.

Resolved, That the reduced rates for passengers returning same day are hereby abolished.

M. L. WRISTON, Treasurer.
Sept. 15, 1862—tf

PALMETTO
IRON WORKS,
COLUMBIA, S. C.
WILLIAM GLAZE, Proprietor.
GEORGE A. SHIELDS, Foreman.

MANUFACTURES STEAM ENGINES of any power desired, for Mills and Plantation purposes, at short notice, having at all times on hand some finished, or in a forward state. In connection with our Mill and Engine Work, we have secured the services of Mr. JOHN CRABTREE, who is one of the best Millwrights in the South, to superintend the putting up of Mills and Engines.

CORN MILLS.

I am agent for one of the best PORTIBLE MILLS now in use, and can furnish any size wanted. Persons wishing the Mills are invited to call at the Works, and witness the operation of the one now in use. The Mill-rock, which is the very best, is procured from Edgefield, S. C., and the Mills are built complete at our Establishment.

BRASS AND IRON CASTINGS.

All descriptions of BRASS and IRON CASTINGS executed in the very best manner, and at short notice, as we cast every day in the week. Our stock of patterns is very large, having recently purchased all those formerly owned by G. W. Wright, which being added to those made at my Establishment for the past five years, makes the assortment more full than any other like establishment in the State.

CIRCULAR SAWS.

I am agent for R. Hoe & Co's celebrated CIRCULAR SAWS, and also for a manufacturer of the same article in Richmond, Va. A full supply of these SAWS, of all sizes, always on hand. Persons wishing them, will do well to call on me, as I make no charge for fitting them to the mandrels.

OLD SAWS RE-TOOTHED.

I have a GUMMING MACHINE on hand, and am prepared to re-tooth old saws, making them as good as new.

Wire Railing.

I am agent for one of the largest Wire Railing Companies at the North, and will furnish WINDOW GUARDS, GALLERIES, VERANDAHS, BEDSTEADS, or any description of Wire Work, at the book prices of the manufacturer, which can be seen at my office.

dec 11, 1860—tf WILLIAM GLAZE.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
STATE JOURNAL.

HAVING become the proprietor of the *Democratic Press*, I have merged that paper into the STATE JOURNAL, which will be published Semi-Weekly and Weekly.

The STATE JOURNAL will advocate Democratic principles in the broadest sense, and will support and defend Democratic measures and their advocates as they are presented, and as occasion may require. In other essentials it will be my aim to make the paper, what its name denotes, a State Journal—eschewing all sectional considerations and working for the entire State and her common interests.

As soon as arrangements can be made, the whole paper shall be re-modeled and printed with new type, on good paper, and in a superior manner.

The Editorial department will be properly attended to in its various branches, and will speak for itself. Neither labor nor expense will be spared in the management of the paper.

The *terms* of the State Journal will be as follows:

Semi-Weekly, per annum..........$400
Weekly..........200

These terms will be insisted upon *invariably in advance*. No name will be put upon the list without the money, and all papers will be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they have been paid, unless the subscription be renewed. I am satisfied, from years of experience, that upon no other footing can any newspaper hope to succeed.

Advertisements of a proper character will be inserted at the following rates:

One square, first insertion..........$100
Each subsequent insertion..........25 cents.

A liberal deduction on these rates for yearly advertisers in the Semi-Weekly. In the Weekly edition the full rates will be charged.

JOHN SPELMAN,
Nov. 27, 1860. *Editor and Proprietor*

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
RALEIGH STATE JOURNAL.

ON and after the 1st day of November next, the STATE JOURNAL will be published
DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

The DAILY STATE JOURNAL will contain all the news received up to the latest hour before mailing, and will consist of TWO EDITIONS DAILY. The MORNING EDITION will contain the news by the evening mail, and all TELEGRAPHIC NEWS up to 10 o'clock the previous night, and will be supplied to city subscribers, and sent by the mails North and East; the EVENING EDITION will be printed at 3 o'clock, p. m., and will contain the additional news by Telegraph up to 2 o'clock, p. m., and will be sent to subscribers by the trains West and by the Fayetteville mail. Thus subscribers, no matter in what direction they may live, will have the news up to the departure of the mails.

Arrangements have been made to procure TELEGRAPH NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE CONFEDERACY, expressly for the State Journal. GENERAL NEWS BY MAIL will be promptly published. The MARKETS will be fully reported. RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS will be secured, in the Army and elsewhere. The LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS will be reported daily by competent Reporters. The STATE JOURNAL will be essentially a NEWSPAPER.

TERMS:

For the DAILY—12 months, $6; 6 months, $3.50; 3 months, $2; 1 month, $1.

For the TRI-WEEKLY—12 months, $4; 6 months, $2.50; 3 months, $1.50.

For the WEEKLY—12 months, $2; 6 months, $1.50.

ADVERTISING RATES.

1 square, 1 day,	$0.50	1 square, 5 days,	$1.50
1 do 2 days,	0.75	1 square, 1 week,	1.75
1 do 3 days,	1.00	1 do 2 weeks,	3.00
1 do 4 days,	1.25	1 do 1 month,	5.00

Ten lines make a square.

☞ Advertisements for the Daily will be inserted in the Tri-Weekly FREE OF CHARGE. This is an inducement which cannot fail to attract the attention of Advertisers.

The above rates apply only to the daily paper. Advertisements will be inserted in the Weekly paper at the usual [illegible] rates, viz: One dollar per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.

Address, JNO. SPELMAN,
Editor and Proprietor,
Oct 17, 1862—tf Raleigh, N. C.

Charlotte Foundry
And Machine Shop.

HAVING purchased from J. A. Fox the above establishment, the undersigned begs leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that he is now ready to fill every order for making Steam Engines, Cotton and Tobacco Presses, and every description of Machinery. All kinds of Castings in Iron, Brass and other metals made at short notice and reduced prices. Particular attention given to the making and repairing of Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Cotton Gins, Mill Works and Agricultural Work of all kinds. Blacksmithing, Job, Wagon Work, and Horse-Shoeing done with dispatch. Old Iron, Brass and Copper Castings bought at the Foundry or taken in exchange for job work. All kinds of Wood Turning also done.

Oct 28—tf JOHN M. HOWIE.

WANTED. [illegible] good soft SOAP, for which the cash will be paid, either in Charlotte or at the [illegible].
T. R. TATE.
Oct 1 [illegible]

Headquarters 48th N. C. Regiment, GOLDSBORO, N. C., Dec. 16, 1862.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

All Officers and Soldiers of this Regiment able to join it at this place, will do so immediately. Those whose sick leaves have expired and are still unfit for duty must come here to have them renewed.—Those unable to travel will forward certificates to that effect.

Failing in this their names will be furnished to the Colonels of Militia for arrest and confinement at Raleigh for trial as deserters.

Certificates of unfitness for duty will not exempt the holder from reporting in person.

By order of Col. R. C. Hill.
J. R. WINCHESTER, Act. Adjt.
Jan 22—10t.

Atlantic, Tenn. & Ohio Railroad.

On and after Tuesday the 20th instant, the Rates of Charges on Freights and Passengers will be encreased on this Road, by order of the Board of Directors.

D. F. CANNON,
Jan 20, 1863—1w Conductor.

IMPERIAL TEA.

A small quantity of this most delicious Green Tea for sale by the single pound at
Jan. 17-dtf. THE BOOKSTORE.

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE.

The next Term will commence on the 2d of February and continue Twenty-Four weeks.

The Musical Department will be under the direction of Prof. BAUMANN, who has taught successfully in Orangeburg, S. C, and in Charleston.

For further particulars address
Rev. R. BURWELL,
Jan 23-6t Charlotte, N. C.

HORSE ESTRAY.

Strayed from my stables, on the night of the 19th, being let at large through the means of fire breaking out near the premises, a Bay Horse with a star on the forehead and a hemp cord on his neck. The Horse was raised within three miles of Brevard's Station. Any person bringing him back will get the sum of $5.00 reward.

Jan. 23 3t* J. B. KERR.

Headquarters 48th N. C. Reg't, GOLDSBORO', N. C., Jan. 17, 1863.

The following named absentees are notified to join their Companies at this post without delay, being absent without leave, or having remained absent beyond their furloughs:

COMPANY A
Privates J E Huntley
M W H Price, of Union co.
COMPANY B
Priv'ts D W Conrad
Wm Fritz
J W Headrick
J Terry
A Wilkerson, of Davidson co.
COMPANY C
Priv'ts H S Arthurs
W H Boyer
A J Cashion
D Clodfelter
C A Farnhardt
J A M Gibson
J S Leonard
D Keistles
T A Murdock
J W Orbison
O S Plyler
D Scroggs
T B Sherrill
J T Torrence, of Iredell co.
COMPANY D
Corp'l J M Dictor
Priv'ts J C Richardson
D Richardson
J Wood
H A Spence
S Craven
E Wallace
W Williamson, of Moore co.
COMPANY E
Priv'ts C W Anderson
J Davis
M King
J Lee
H J Yarborough, of Union co.
COMPANY F
Priv'ts F McDowell
W Evans
L R Ferguson
G S Richardson
P Wolf
T Fowler of Union co.
COMPANY G
Priv'ts J Y Field
T A Holt
J Madden
S A Rogers
R Burns
A Cross
L L Hessler
J Newsom
S H Scarlet
W D Sinder
J W Wood
J B Abernathy
J W West, of Chatham co.
COMPANY H
Priv'ts A S Bryant
J K Lambeth
S Fisher
N Horn
W Johnson
H Leonard
R Leonard
S F Myers
L Loman
S Fallyers
J Miller, of Davidson co.
COMPANY I
Priv'ts W E Mullis
Wm McGlammery
J Skipper
B H Wright, of Union county
COMPANY K
Priv'ts E D Spach
F Smith
J B Bodenhamer
L Garboden
A Crouch
J Mendenhall
P B Mustin
N Brown
W Kapp
W Standiford
A T Joyner
E Hauser
S Venable
H Crouch
S Green
R Green
J Atwood
F L Reynolds
R Smith
N Moab
W Speech, of Forsythe co.

Hospital Steward, L L Johnson

These men must be at this post within ten days after the publication of this order, or they will be reported as deserters.

By order of Col. R. C. HILL:
J. R. WINCHESTER, Act. Adj't.
Jan 22, 1863—10t

EXCHANGE NOTICE, No. 4.

RICHMOND, VA., Jan. 10, 1863.

The followig officers and men have been duly exchanged, and are hereby so declared.

1. All officers and men captured in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Florida and South Carolina, up to December 10th, 1862.

2. All officers and men captured in Missouri, Kansas, New Mexico, Arizona, Arkansas and Louisiana, up to January 1st, 1862.

3. The two foregoing sections apply not to officers and men of the Confederate service, but also to all persons captured in arms or hostile array against the United States, whatever may have been the character of the military organizations to which they were attached, and whatever may have been the terms of the paroles given by them. If any are in Federal prisons, they are to be immediately released, and delivered to the Confederate authorities.

5. All Confederate officers and men who have been delivered at City Point up to January 6th, 1863.

6. All Confederate officers and men who have been delivered at Vicksburg up to Dec. 23d, 1862, and including said date.

7. All paroled Confederate officers and men receipted for at Vicksburg up to Dec. 23d, 1862, and including said date.

8. All Confederate officers and men captured and paroled at Fredericksburg, Va., in December, 1862.

9. All Confederate officers and men captured and paroled at Goldsboro, N. C., in December, 1862.

10. Other miscellaneous and minor exchanges, of which the appropriate officers will be duly informed.

ROBERT OULD,
Jan 14—6t Agent of Exchange.

BOLTING CLOTH Nos. 5 and 6
For sale at KOOPMAN & PHELPS.
Nov 21—tf

JAMES G. BAILIE & BRO.

OFFER FOR SALE AT THEIR
CARPET AND OIL CLOTH
WAREROOMS
205 BROAD STREET
AUGUSTA, GA.,

A full assortment of the following Goods:

ENGLISH, VELVET & MEDALLIAN CARPETINGS,
ENGLISH BRUSSELS AND TAPESTRY CARPETINGS,
ENGLISH VENICIAN CARPETINGS,
HEARTH RUGS,
DOOR MATS,
CARPET BINDINGS,
CARPET TACKS,
STAIR CARPETINGS AND STAIR RODS,
COCOA MATTINGS AND HASSOCKS,
WHITE & RED CHECK'D INDIA MATTINGS,
WINDOW SHADES, in all sizes, and TRIMMINGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, from 3 to 18 feet wide,
CURTAIN DAMASKS and SATIN DELAINES,
LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS AND BANDS, WINDOW CORNICES, LOOPS, TASSELS, GIMP, &C.,
WALL PAPER, BORDERS, FIRE SCREENS, a Full Supply of CORN BROOMS AND WATER BUCKETS.

☞ Fourteen Fine Pianos in Chickering, Hasseltin's, Gilbert's, Gales', Fisher's, Nuns & Clark's, and other good Makers.

FOR SALE BY
JAMES G. BAILIE & BRO.,
Dec. 2 '62—3m* Augusta, Ga.

PRINTERS' INK MANUFACTURED
BY
B. A. RANDALL & CO.,
MARIETTA, GEORGIA.

BOOK, NEWS AND COLORED INKS,

Of an excellent quality, and warranted equal to the best Northern make.

BOOK INK at 50 cents to $4 per lb., in cans of 1 to 10 pounds.

NEWS INK, (fine) at 30 cents per lb. for all orders of 100 pounds and upwards.

NEWS INK, (very fine) at 40 cents per lb., in kegs of 25 and 50 pounds.

COLORED INKS at $1 to $8 per lb., in half pound and pound cans.

☞ Every paper inserting this advertisement for one month and sending us a copy of their paper, will receive pay for the same upon purchasing three times the amount of their bill from us.

mch 22 '62—1m. A. B. R. & CO.

Removal.

THE subscriber begs to inform the public that he has removed his Shop to No 4 *GRANITE ROW*, where he is prepared with a full stock of
GOODS FOR MENS WEAR,
To supply all who may favor him with a call. Having secured the services of one of the best Cutters in the South, he feels satisfied that he can please the most fastiduous.

Oct. 9-tf J. S. PHILLIPS.

Payment of State Bounty Due Deceased Soldiers.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, N. C.,
ADJUTANT GEN'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, Oct. 17, 1862.

GENERAL ORDERS,
No. 9.

The following regulations are published for the information of those persons wishing to draw bounty of deceased soldiers, in accordance with an ordinance of the Convention ratified the 22d day of February, 1862:

REGULATIONS.

1. The payment of bounty to the representatives of deceased soldiers is based upon the certificate of the commanding officer of the company, who will state the time of the enlistment of the soldier, the date of his decease in service, the amount of bounty already paid by the State, and the company and regiment to which he belonged.

2. The claimant will make affidavit before a magistrate that he or she is the next kin to the deceased, according to the provisions of the foregoing ordinance of the Convention, and that there is no other person entitled to make claim. The affidavit of the claimant must be sustained by that of one disinterested witness, that the facts stated are correct within his own knowledge and that he has no interest in the claim. The magistrate administering the oath will certify to the credibility of the witness, and the clerk of the County Court will certify, under seal, that he is an authorized and acting magistrate.

3. If the claimant or claimants be minors, payment will be made to the guardian, upon the production of the proper certificate under the seal of the Court, of his appointment and the sufficiency of his bond—the claim to be proved by him as in other cases.

4. A bounty of fifty dollars, deducting the bounty that may have been previously paid, is due to all persons who may have volunteered for three years or the war, and to all persons mustered into or continued in service under the provisions of the Conscription Act.

By order of Governor Vance,
J. G. MARTIN,
Adjutant General.
Oct. 31, '62-3t.

QUARTER-MASTER'S OFFICE,
CHARLOTTE, Sept. 24, 1862.

WANTED, Fifty thousand pounds SCRAP IRON, for which a liberal price will be paid, by application to this office.

R. J. ECHOLS,
Capt. & A. Q. M.
Sep. 22 '62—tf

L. T. LEVIN,
Commission Merchant,
SELLS ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE.
COLUMBIA, S. C.
March 14, 1862 1y

Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road.

Stockholders desiring their stock dividend will leave their original certificates with me. The coupons due upon the Bonds of this Company on the 1st of July will be paid on presentation to the undersigned.

A. H. MARTIN, Agent.
June 2, 1862—tf

SHOES! SHOES!!

Children, Misses and Ladies ENGLISH BOOTS.
Ladies Lasting Gaiters, size 1 to 6,
Ladies Goat Leather Buskins,
Have arrived and for sale at
KAHNWEILERS & BROS.
August 23 '62—tf

ATLANTIC, TENN. & OHIO RAIL ROAD.

THE TRAINS on this Road will, on and after Monday next, leave 3rd Creek, (head of Road,) at 5:30, A. M., and return to that Station 10 minutes later than at present.

E. HURLBERT, Gen'l Supt.
Oct. 8, 1862—tf

CHARLOTTE DRUG STORE.
E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co.

RETAIL DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS, Medicines, Chemicals, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Window Glass, Putty, Dye Stuffs, Turpentine, Burning Fluid, Alcohol, Pure Liquors, Canton Teas, Field and Garden Seeds, &c., &c.

Having closed our books, we intend to sell hereafter for cash. [May 4, 1861-tf

CONFEDERATE 8 PER CENT. BONDS.

For sale at the Branch Bank of North Carolina, Charlotte.

THOS. W. DEWEY,
Jan 9, 1863—tf Cashier.

JUST TO HAND.

Those Heavy Blue Cotton Drills and Bleach Huckaback Diapers.

KAHNWEILER & BRO.
Dec. 11-dtf.

FLOUR MILL
FOR SALE.

The subscriber having entered into a contract for building the Rail Road from Danville to Greensboro, is desirous of devoting his whole time to that work, and offers his STEAM MILL for sale. The property is situated in the town of Charlotte, on the North Carolina Rail Road, has six run of Mill Stones and the Flour manufactured has a high reputation throughout the Southern Confederacy.

It has also a Barrel Factory, with improved Machinery, and Cooper shops attached, which will be sold with the Mill or separately.

JOHN WILKES.
August 28, '62—tf.

Charleston Mercury and Courier, Augusta Constitutionalist, Columbia Guardian and Carolinian, Richmond Enquirer, Raleigh Standard, will advertise for one month and send bills to this office.

TO THE LADIES.

NEW PARIS STYLES!!—NEW PARIS STYLES!!

WE would call the particular attention of the Ladies to our MILLINERY DEPARTMENT, which is presenting a great varity of attractive styles. Our Bonnet Frames are of the latest and most approved Paris styles, *Our Own Importation*. Our stock of Materials is the largest and best assorted and selected in the Confederacy.

The whole department is under the immediate supervision of our Head Milliner, Miss Kerr, late of Charleston, a lady of acknowledged refined taste; the press of business in the line has compelled us to make an addition to our force of Milliners and we have been most fortunate in the selection of Miss Hogan—also of Charleston. Having now, such a fine stock and so large a force to work it up we will be enabled to fill any order with dispatch.

KAHNWEILER & BRO.
Charlotte, Nov. 28 '62-dtf.

Anti-Dysenteric & Anti-Dyspeptic
BITTERS.
PREPARED BY B. KOOPMAN.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

THESE unrivalled Bitters possess peculiar curative properties in all Affections of the Bowels. They will be found effectual in the cure of Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach and all those painful and troublesome diseases arising from a derangement of the digestive organs and irregular action of the functions of the stomach and intestines. They will also be found a SAFE REMEDY FOR CHILLS AND FEVERS.

These Bitters are prepared from *Roots* brought from Germany, and for over a century have been found effectual in that country for the permanent cure of the diseases enumerated above. They contain no deleterious drug, but are compounded entirely from roots, and are perfectly safe at all times.

A simple trial is all that is asked, as a cure will naturally follow, and that is the best certificate of their superiority over every other remedy for those particular diseases.

They are manufactured by B. Koopman, Charlotte, N. C., and for sale by
KOOPMAN & PHELPS.

Also, for sale at F. Scarr's and E. Nye Hutchison [illegible]

FOR SALE.

SOLE LEATHER, well trimmed and of excellent quality for sale by
WM. TIDDY.
Charlotte, Jan 15, 1863—tf

Family Flour for Sale.

AT the Charlotte Flouring Mills can be had Family, Superfine and fine FLOUR, SECONDS, SHORTS and BRAN.
Also, MEAL and GRIST.

aug 1, 1860-1y JOHN WILKES,
Charlotte Flour Mills.

Office Charlotte & S. C. R. R. Co.

CHARLOTTE, Dec. 8, 1862.

The semi annual dividend of this Company will be paid on application at this office. The Coupons and Bonds due January next will also be paid on presentation to the undersigned.

A. H. MARTIN, Agent.
Dec 8, 1862—tf

HURRAH FOR THE CAMPS.

Just received this morning, from the blockade, Fine Tooth Combs, all sizes also English Dressing Combs.

For sale at
KAHNWEILER & BROS.
Ap 30, 1862—tf

A Cook and Washer Wanted.

A [illegible] COOK, Washer and Ironer [illegible] of a [illegible] by application [illegible]

Wilmington, Charlotte, and Rutherford Rail Road.

ON and after the 10th of November, the Passenger Train will be run on this Road (Western Division) daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

GOING WEST.

Arrive		Leave
	Charlotte	8.00 A. M.
8.46 A. M.	Tuskaseege	8.51 "
9.32 "	Brevard	9.32 "
9.54 "	Sharon	9.59 "
10.28 "	Lincolnton	10.30 "
11.18 "	Cherryville	

GOING EAST.

Arrive		Leave
	Cherryville	12 M.
12.50 P. M.	Lincolnton	12.55 P. M.
1.19 "	Sharon	1.24 "
1.50 "	Brevard	1.58 "
2.25 "	Tuskaseege	2.28 "
3.16 "	Charlotte	

Passengers are required in all cases, without exception, to purchase tickets, wherever there are ticket agents, and also to furnish the right change, as the Company cannot procure change for every one. An omission to do either subjects the party to an extra charge of 25 cents, which the conductor is strictly required to collect.

By Order.
V. A. MCBEE,
Acting Master of Transportation.
Lincolnton, Oct. 30, 1862.

Notice.

OFFICE CHARLOTTE & S. C. R. R. CO.,
COLUMBIA, Nov. 15, 1862.

The Through Passenger Fare on this Road, on and after the 18th inst., will be SIX DOLLARS, and the local rates corresponding.

E. HULBERT,
Nov 17, 1862—tf Gen'l Sup't

HILLSBORO' N. C.
Military Academy.

The FIFTH Academic year of this Institution will commence on the FIRST WEDNESDAY IN FEBRUARY, 1863.

For information and circular apply to
SUPT. H. M. ACADEMY,
Nov 28—3m Hillsboro, N. C.

YOUNG NEGRO MAN FOR SALE.

Very valuable, sound, active and strong. Inquire at the Charlotte Bank.
October 16, 1862—tf

ELEGANCE AND COMFORT.

The Undersigned have this morning opened a fine assortment of Dark Colored, Small Figured Perkales Prints selected to please please the most fastidious taste. Also Heavy Himalayan Shawls or Casimere Plush, (something entirely new) and Heavy Fine Long and Square Shawls.

These goods are of entirely new styles, having run the blockade within the last three weeks. Call soon at

KAHNWEILER & BRO.
Dec. 11, '62-tf

NOTICE.

All Freight charges not advanced within the last two months, will be increased 25 per centum on the Charlotte & South Carolina and Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio Rail Roads on and after the 9th instant. All Agents will act accordingly.

WM. JOHNSTON, Pres't.
Oct 6, 1862—tf

Wheat and Corn Wanted.

THE planting community will take notice that their Wheat and Corn Crops will be purchased at the Charlotte Steam Flouring Mill, at market prices. Those having Wheat and Corn for sale may find it to their advantage to call at the Mill before closing a sale.

JOHN WILKES & Co.
Charlotte Flour Mill
aug 1, 1860-1y

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

Opium, Morphine, Quinine, French Brandy, Old Port Wine and Castor Oil, (by the gallon,) Indigo, Castile Soap, Sup. Carb Soda, (by the keg,) Calomel and Nitrate of Silver, (Lunar Caustic,) just received.

WANTED, 150 pounds Red Rose Leaves (perfectly dry) for which 50 cents a pound will be paid by

E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co.,
Charlotte, June 3—tf Druggist.

STENHOUSE & MACAULAY,
Commission Merchants,
At their Old Stand, Trade Street.

Keep constantly on hand a well selected Stock of Family Groceries.

All orders for Flour, Corn, Bacon, &c., promptly and carefully filled.

Factories supplied with Cotton, on commission of 50 cents per bale.

J. E. STENHOUSE,
ALLEN MACAULAY.
Charlotte, N. C., May 3, 1862—1y

Double Daily Trains.

CHARLOTTE & SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.
OCTOBER 11, 1862.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS are run over this Road as follows:

Leave Columbia,	6.00 A. M.	6.10 P. M.
Arrive Charlotte,	3.30 P. M.	2.00 A. M.
Leave Charlotte,	9.00 A. M.	9.15 P. M.
Arrive Columbia,	4.50 P. M.	5.00 A. M.

The Trains connect at Charlotte with the North Carolina Railroad, forming a double daily connection with Richmond, and at Columbia with the [illegible]

E. HULBERT,
October 11, '62—tf General Superintendent

AT PRIVATE SALE.

Two large Store-rooms and one Dwelling House with five rooms, all located near the centre of the town.

Apply at the Branch Bank of North Carolina. Sept. 22, '62—dtf.

DESERTED.
$30 REWARD.

CHARLOTTE HOSPITAL, Sept. 25th, 1862.

PRIVATE LORENZO D. MURPHY, Company D, 28th N. C. Regiment deserted from the Charlotte Hospital on the 18th ult. Said man is lurking around Charlotte or surrounding country pretending to be enlisting recruits. When he left he had on a grey infantry uniform. He is about six feet two or two inches high, black hair, and dark complexion, and stoops a little when walking. The above reward will be paid for his apprehension and delivery at the Charlotte Jail.

R. K. GREGORY,
Act. Asst. Surgeon, C. S. A., in Charge
Sept 26, 1862—tf Charlotte Hospital.

TOBACCO.

We have the regular Kinnakanick TOBACCO, which to smoke makes man forget to sin, pay his debts, kiss his wife and become charitable.

We have, also, the regular Joe Peeps celebrated Brandywine and knight templar Chewing Tobacco, which Joe, himself, by chewing, lived over a hundred years, and was finally sent to the court of Louis Napoleon to intercede for the young Confederacy.

WILLIAMS & GRAY.
January 16, 1863—tf

THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD H. BRITTON.

DAILY BULLETIN, (per annum,) $6.00.
TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN, (per annum,) $4.00.
CATAWBA JOURNAL, (per annum) $1.00.

☞ THE DAILY BULLETIN will be furnished at SIX DOLLARS per annum, IN ADVANCE

☞ THE TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN will be published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, and supplied for $4 00 per annum, payable in advance.

LETTER FROM SALISBURY.

Correspondence of the Bulletin.]

Extortion—The Cause—Election—Small Pox—More Prisoners, &c., &c.

SALISBURY, N. C., Jan. 23, 1863.

Editor of the Daily Bulletin:

If we are to believe one half we see in the newspapers about extortion and extortioners, there must be a great many, and I have come to the conclusion that every man, let him be merchant or farmer, town or countryman, has gone into speculation. For proof of this assertion try and see what you can buy anything for; try any person that has anything to sell and you will naturally suppose this to be a Confederacy of extortioners. I do not propose to go into a controversy with any one about high prices. The only way to put a stop to it is for us to make what we can and do without the rest. A farmer comes to town now with corn or meal and it is $3 per bushel; flour $13 to $15 per hundred pounds; butter 75 to $1, and so on the whole list through, and generally speaking the very persons who ask more for their goods are the ones that cry out extortion. The shoe maker in particular is always down on extortion. They are shielded from the army by the Conscript Law.—They pay shoe makers very little more than they used to from the fact that by being able to put up a common shoe will exempt them from the army. True, they have to pay more for leather, but not enough to charge $18 to $20 for a pair of shoes, and from $30 to $40 for boots. I think the shoe maker and the tanner ought to be looked upon as the only real extortioners.

There will be an election here next Monday for Police and Commissioners for the ensuing year. There will be two seperate tickets run and it will be a close election. I suppose the negligence of the old Commissioners in regard to the Small Pox will be against them pretty severe, as they let it break out in six or eight places in different parts of the town before they made any arrangement to have it put out of the place. I am glad to learn that the disease is not now spreading any more. It is confined almost exclusively among the negroes.

I understand there will be a large number of prisoners here in a few days again. I would rather they would not come as it is hard now for poor people to make a living at present prices of produce, and if the prisoners come, they do not care for money, they will give any price as their pay is going on while they are confined here and have nothing to do.

We have beautiful weather now. There s nothing very exciting or new in town.

S.

P. S.—A fire broke out this evening, at half past 6 o'clock, in the Wayside Hospital, but by the timely assistance of the citizens it was put out. At any other time of the day or night it would have consumed several houses. The fire was accidental.

The New Crisis in the North.

The conservatives of the North are no longer troubling themselves about how the war is to be carried on, but rather how it is to be stopped. The desire for peace is beginning to manifest itself with the masses, and the Northwest cries out against the administration that is waging this war of conquest against the South. Mr. Vallandingham, of Ohio, who is the leader of the peace party in the Northern Congress, delivered recently a speech looking to the termination of the war, and as his views are probably those of the peace party in the North, they have more than usual significance, and are entitled to more than a mere notice.

In his speech Mr. Vallandingham, so far from assenting to the Seward Lincoln doctrine of the North, that there is a "irrepressible conflict" between slavery and free labor, contended that the fundamental idea of the Constitution is the perfect and eternal compatibility of a Union of States, part slave and part free; and that such a Union was the strongest of all possible governments. He contended that nothing kept the North and South apart now but hate, antagonism and revenge, and that war heats those passions seven times hotter, and while it lasts re-union cannot commence. The subjugation of the South he regarded as impossible. If the country was really tired of the war, and thought enough blood had been shed, and misery inflicted [illegible] following proposition: Stop fighting, make an armistice, but not a final treaty; withdraw the Federal army from the seceded States and reduce the military establishments of both sections to a peace basis, declare free trade between the North and South, agree upon a Zollverein, recall the fleets, terminate the blockade, restore travel, and do all things as before the war; elect a new President in 1864, and resume old relations.

Mr Vallandingham denied that this was formal recognition but informal as was the exchange of prisoners, flags of truce, &c. If it confessed disunion, it was only as the surgeon, who sets a fractured limb to heal it, admits that it is broken. The Government had failed to crush out the rebellion, and would always fail. He approved of mediation as a means of suspending hostilities, but objected to arbitration.

He said the Northwest would not separate from the South, and the day that saw a division between the slaveholding and non-slaveholding States would see a *separation between the West and East.* He held that the sole agitation of that subject as a political element must cease—that they must return to the constitutional and actual basis of fifty years ago, the three fifths rule, the return of fugitive slaves, and the transit and temporary sojourn of masters with their slaves in the free States. This was the price of the Union whenever the North choose to pay it.—*Richmond Examiner.*

CHARLOTTE.

Tuesday Morning, Jan'y. 27, '63.

OUR TERMS.

FOR THE BULLETIN,—DAILY.

For one month,	$1.00
" two "	1.75
" three "	2.00
six	3.25
one year,	6.00

FOR TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN.

or three months,	$1.50
six "	2.50
" one year,	4.00

FOR CATAWBA JOURNAL,—WEEKLY.

For one year,	$1.00

The JOURNAL, our weekly publication, will not be forwarded for a less term than one year.

CHARLOTTE, Nov'r. 1, 1862.

☞ For Telegraph News see first page.

Is it True? Do you Think it Reliable?

It is a common occurrence among gentlemen—those who ought to have been better educated—to ask an Editor "What's the News," and when informed straightway question its authenticity by demanding whether the news is true or from a reliable source.

Such rudeness may be expected from the unfortunately ignorant, but when inflicted by those who claim to be gentlemen—and educated men too—it is positively outrageous, disgraceful.

As well might such men, after being seated at your family board and ask to be helped to a surloin or slice of roast or fillet of veal, enquire of the catererer whether his meat is sound.

A true and genuinely educated gentleman will not be guilty of the one vulgarism any more than he would the other.

From Wilmington.

The Wilmington *Journal*, of the 24th inst., says:

By information almost direct from Beaufort harbor, we learn that the enemy's iron clads are said to be of much lighter draft than we had supposed, being only nine feet two inches. They have one or two pilots who know this river perfectly, and say they can bring them in. Whether they are white men or negroes we could not ascertain.

The boats of the Monitor class are merely floating batteries, without speed or seagoing qualities. They had to be towed around from Fortress Monroe, and dare not venture out from Beaufort while there is any swell outside. They can only operate in perfectly calm weather, otherwise deck, guns, turret and all would roll under.

The Yankees at Beaufort say they are coming here the first favorable weather.—It is strange that they should talk so much about it.

Death of Gen. Sidney Johnston—Interesting Incidents.

"N'Importe," the Western army correspondent of the Mobile Advertiser and Register gives the following incident of the battle of Shiloh:

At Shiloh the brave and heroic Sidney Johnston directed the 1st Missouri to advance, and then riding to where an Arkansas brigade was wavering, he seized the barrel of a musket in his hand and cried out: "You Arkansas men who boast of using the Bowie knife, let me see how you can use the bayonet!" and led a charge before which the Yankees fell back in dismay, but not until one of their accursed bullets had struck the noblest man on the field, and he who sacrificed his own life for the welfare of the Yankee wounded.—But a few moments before receiving his wound, the magnanimous leader of the Southern army passed over a gully filled with Yankee wounded, groaning pitifully. Turning to his surgeon, then the only one of his staff with him, he said: "Go back and mitigate the sufferings of some of those poor, miserable devils." The surgeon declined, upon the ground that his proper position was inseparably attached to Johnston. But the General repeated the request and his surgeon left him to attend to the sufferings of the enemy's wounded. A few moments afterwards, Gen. Johnston received a severe wound in the thigh, from the hemorrhage of which he died. Had his surgeon been present, the wound might have been dressed, the hemorrhage stopped, and his life saved. As it was, he concealed the fact of his wound, continued to lead forward his successful columns, and finally perished, the victim of his own magnanimous heroic nature. His deeds will grace the brightest page of his country's glorious history.

[illegible] the Camp.

A few days ago, when the first news of the battle of Murfreesboro' reached our army on the Rappahannock, one of our pickets hallooed across the river to a blue coat—"We have whaled you like fun out in Tennessee—we took thirty-one pieces of artillery and four thousand prisoners." "Good," cried the Yankee, "I wish you had taken them all!" That Yankee wishes to see the war come to an end.

Here is another very pretty item, related by an officer:

A poor woman of Campbell county Virginia, sent nine sons to the war in one company in the 42d regiment, one of whom was below conscript age. One of these has died of disease, another has been crippled by a wound, but the remaining seven are now "present for duty." Well, this mother of the Gracchi—said Gracchi being unable to go to see her—came to see them the other day. She is about sixty years of age, but walked to the post where her boys were on picket at the time, from Guiney's station, fifteen miles distant, in an incredibly short space of time. Do you wonder now at the performances of Jackson's foot cavalry, when they have such mothers? But to go on with the story;—The accomplished officer now in command of the 42d having mentioned these facts to Gen. Jones, it was decided first, that the best ambulance in the brigade should convey her back to Guiney's whenever it should please her to return; and second, that she should dine with himself and staff. Hearing that the wife of one of the nine, as well as another woman, mother of three soldiers in the same regiment, had accompanied the old lady, they too were invited. Dinner passed off very pleasantly. One of our guests (the mother of the three,) convinced us that we soldiers of the second war of independence were much better off than those of the first, by telling us that she had often heard her father, who was a Revolutionary soldier, tell his boys that they didn't know nothing—that *he* had often waded through snow a foot deep in his bare shirt-tail.

The Yankee Generals at Vicksburg.

A correspondent of the Mobile Register gives the following account of two or three of the Yankee officers who were killed or wounded near Vicksburg:

Gen. Wyman, formerly superintendent of the Illinois Central Railroad—a road already famous for having given to the Yankee army those grand military humbugs, McClellan and Burnside—commanded one of the oldest and finest brigades in Abolition service. At the commencement of the war Wyman raised a regiment of railroad employees, and was ordered to Missouri, where his regiment remained until ordered to assist in the taking of Vicksburg. A brigade was then placed under Wyman's command, and at the head of this brigade, which was badly cut up when attacking the Yazoo strongholds, Wyman was killed. He is mourned by the Yankees as one of their bravest and most skillful officers.

General Morgan D. Smith, formerly a steamboat runner in St. Louis, commanded what was styled a Missouri brigade, but composed wholly of convicts pardoned out of the Illinois State Prison upon condition of joining the army. It was the infamously notorious Eight Missouri, noted for every kind of inhuman outrage and the burning of a large portion of the city of Memphis. Gen. Smith, the leader of this desperate band, was mortally wounded. Smith's reputation for swindling operations while at Memphis is equal to that of his infamous command, and none will say he did not deserve his fate. Colonel Smith, brother of General Smith, and leader of one of these *soi distant* Missouri regiments, was also killed. And among the wounded in our hands at Vicksburg, is a captain Hayden, formerly a writing master in St. Louis, and well known as an atheist. His atheistical and abolition doctrines naturally brought him into the Yankee line, and at the defeat on the Yazoo he had an arm shot off, which will perhaps interfere somewhat with his penmanship, of which he was deservedly proud. Such is the fate of three Abolition officers in the battle of Vicksburg, known to us by reputation.

☞ The Yankee Government has already put forth more than a thousand millions of dollars of paper in the progress of the war. A vast unliquidated debt also exists for past expenditures, which will require other hundred millions of paper to be issued from time to time under the authority of indefinite deficiency bills and countless decrees of the Court of Claims. In addition to these issues of the Federal Government the Yankee States and counties have put forth more than two hundred millions of paper; and the banks and other corporations issuing paper have put out still another two hundred millions of circulation. On the back of this fifteen hundred millions of paper now on the market, the Committee of Ways and Means of the House of Representatives have just reported a Bill for adding an additional loan of paper to the amount of eleven hundred millions of dollars. The object of this eleven hundred millions is to provide resources for the Lincoln Government wholly prospective; that is to say, is to provide monies which are to be expended after the commencement of the next fiscal year, which begins on the first of next July. Other Bills and additional appropriations must provide for the intervening period.

THE STORESHIP RELEASE WITHIN A FEW MILES OF THE "290."—The regular Navy Storeship Release came near being captured by the Alabama, a few weeks since, as we learn from a letter of a correspondent on board that vessel. The Release is the regular supply or storeship to the Mediterranean squadron, and was on a cruise when she spoke an English vessel which had just been hailed by the pirate. Of course, the storeship put on all sail to avoid the unpleasant interview so desirable to the daring Captain, who was aware of the Release's expected arrival, and expected to capture her. She, however, got safely in harbor. When our correspondent closed his letter, the U. S. sailing corvette Constellation and St. Louis were all that were left of the formidable fleet which represented our navy in the Straits a few months ago. Our consuls in some parts of Europe were said to have notified our cruisers of the whereabouts of a supply ship bound to meet the "290."

THE FLORIDA.—The following is an extract from a letter written by an officer at Fort Morgan. The letter is dated January 16:

Captain Maffit, of the Florida, ran the blockade this morning, about half past 3 o'clock, and is some distance out by this time. The Yankees saw him, but might as well have tried to stop a thunderbolt. She made good her escape, and is now beyond their reach.

☞ The iron steamship Giraffe has succeeded in successfully running the blockade from a Confederate port. She went out night before last. The barkentine Rosalie also went to sea on Tuesday night.—*Wilmington Journal.*

AUCTION SALES.

CARGO SALE OF IMPORTED GOODS.

BY R. A. PRINGLE,

137 Meeting Street,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Jas. H. Taylor, Auctioneer.

On TUESDAY MORNING, February 3, 1863, commencing at 10 o'clock, will be sold,

GROCERIES.

17 boxes Forest City Adamantine Candles
1 chest Tea, Green
50 chests Oolong Tea
8 cases Sardines, ½ and ¼ boxes
58 boxes Family Soap.

MEDICINES, DRUGS, &c.

350 lbs BLUE MASS
8 drums Balsam Copaiva
71 bbls Copperas
7 bbls and 1 box Cream Tartar Crystals
4 kegs Citric Acid
3 kegs and 1 cask Tartaric Acid
14 kegs Chlorate Potash
12 kegs Powdered Cream Tartar
250 boxes Extract Logwood
1 case Assafœtida
1 case Oil Bergamot
1 case Prot. Iodide Mercury
100 ounces Morphine.

SHOES AND LEATHER.

15 dozen CALF SKINS
5 cases and 2 trunks Men's, Boy's and Youths' SHOES.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

1 case Bal. Handles Knives and Forks
100 great gross Sewing Machine Needles
47 dozen Pen Knives.

DRY GOODS, &c.

57 great gross HOOKS AND EYES
34 dozen Felt Hats
5 bales White Flannel
100 Melton Jackets
150 Blanket Over Coats
150 pieces Colored and Mourning Prints
53 dozen Wool Hats
30 pair White Blankets
15 reams Sanders' Bank Note Paper
460 packs Pins (Black and White)
16 cases Spool Cotton (Black and White)
1 bale Blue Over-Shirts
3 bales Blue Twilled Flannel
6 bales Scarlet Flannel
4 lbs Red Sealing Wax
372 lbs. Shoe Thread
344 doz Ladies' & Gents' L C Hand'chiefs
87 great gross Bone Buttons
23 great gross four hole Buttons
13 great gross Agate Buttons
13 2-12 dozen Ivory Fine Combs
48 dozen Dressing Combs
72 dozen Bordered Hankerchiefs.

Jan 24, 1863—tw5t

Sale of Large Consignments of Valuable and Desirable Goods, direct from Nassau and England.

BY JAMES H. TAYLOR.

On WEDNESDAY, the 4th February, will be sold, in my Store,

131, Meeting Street,

CHARLESTON, S C.

A large assortment of GOODS, just received, among which are:

100 dozen Men's BROWN COTTON HALF HOSE, fine
100 dozen Men's Merino Half Hose, super
60 dozen Boy's Brown Half Hose
200 dozen Women's White Cotton Hose
4 cases English Longcloth, 27 inches
2 bales English Longcloth, 32 inches
2 cases Regatta Shirtings, 36 inches
7 cases Madder Prints
60 pieces Fancy Prints, super set
60 pieces Solid Colored Ginghams
40 pieces Grey Chene and Mourning Delaine
16 pieces Black Broad cloth, 430 yards
20 dozen Men's White Merino Shirts
20 dozen Men's Colored Merio Shirts
20 dozen Men's White Linen Bosom Shirts
100 India Rubber Over Coats
60 India Rubber Over Coats, super
20 pieces Grey Tweeds
224 yards White Welch Flannel
290 dozen Clark's Spool Cotton
338 dozen Ryal's Spool Silk, assorted
3 pieces Black Italian Cloth
10 pieces Black Alpacas
20 pieces Black Silesias
1200 pounds White and Slate Shoe Thread
25 Tweed and Cloth Coats
30 Suits Tweed, &c.
100 gross Swan's Bill Hooks and Eyes
100 packages Pins
3500 Bar Iron, assorted
660 Cloth Brushes, No. 1
282 Cloth Brushes, No. 2
540 Polishing (Shoe) Brushes
600 Blacking Brushes
36 sets Shoe Brushes, 3 set
16 dozen Corn Brooms
1 barrel Linseed Oil, 38 gallons
225 pounds White Zinc Paint
106 pounds English White Lead
25 pounds Venetian Red
5 hhds. Sal Soda
5 barrels Sal Soda
10 casks superier Carbonate Soda
2 barrels Coperas
8 casks Coperas
7 cases Magnesia
112 lbs Gum Camphor
76lbs Gum Opium
100 oz Quinine
112 lbs Calomel
712 lbs Blue Mass
50 ounces Strychnine
8 bags Cloves
30 boxes Dark Brown Soap
50 boxes Light Family Soap
25 boxes Fancy Toilet Soap
200 doz Fancy Toilet Soap
12 boxes Super Soap
1 barrel Mace
200 gross Matches
1500 pounds Sole Leather
500 pair Women and children's Shoes
300 pair Men's Shoes
400 pounds Tallow
200 yards Elastic Webbing
30 gross 2 Chenig, Web, 12 by 12
20 gross 1 Stout Web
20 gross 1½ Stout Web
20 gross 1½ Heavy Web
16 gross Coburg Web
96 gross Plated Thimbles
40 doz Fine Ivory Combs
140 doz India Rubber Combs
7 boxes Oolong Tea
100 pounds fine Black Tea
300 Men's Tweed Hats
80 M. Needles
400 dozen White Tape
10 reams Copying Paper
Conditions cash.

Jan 24, 1863—tw6t

WATCH AT AUCTION.

TO-MORROW MORNING, at 11 o'clock, will be sold at Auction, at the public square,

A Superior,
Johnston's make,
Gold Hunting
LEVER WATCH.

January 26, 1863 2t

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of STEVENS, SCHUTT & McLEAN, in the general Cabinet business, is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of I. A. McLEAN. The business will be continued at the same stand by the undersigned, who respectfully solicit a portion of public patronage.

J. H. STEVENS & CO.

January 26, 1863—tf

Book and Job Printing

OF EVERY CLASS AND STYLE,

Neatly Executed at this office.

FOR SALE!

A large quantity of superior French Silk Elastic for Gaiters, and any quantity of best English Ball Shoe Thread.

WILLIAMS & GRAY.

January 26, 1863—dtf

30 SHARES N. C. R. R. STOCK.

On Tuesday, the 10th of February, will be sold, at the Court House in Lexington, Thirty Shares of the above Stock, the property of Henry R. Dusenbery, deceased.

JAMES DUSENBERY,
J. P. STIMSON,
Jan 26, 1863—d10t Executors.

SHOE MANUFACTURING.

SHOES and BOOTS, of all qualities, made to order, from Cow, Kip, or genuine French Calf Skins, at WILLIAMS & GRAY'S.

Wanted, some Bristles of good quality.

Charlotte, Jan 24, 1863—tf

GUNNY BAGGING.

A superior lot of GUNNY BAGGING for sale by WILLIAMS & GRAY.

Jan 24, 1863—tf

WANTED.

Wanted, at the Medical Purveyor's Office, Charlotte, a large quantity of BOTTLES and VIALS, for which the highest prices will be paid.

JAS. T. JOHNSON,
Jan 24—tf Surg. & Med. Pur.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

Just received a lot of Paris maed fine soft HATS at KAHNWEILER & BROS.

December 11, 1862—tf

NEW BONNET RIBBONS.

New styles and assorted colors just received at KAHNWEILER & BROS.

December 11, 1862—tf

Watch and Clock Repairing

AND

JEWELRY MADE NEW.

SIKES & GRAY.

Having commenced the Watch making business in Charlotte, in the Parks Building, nearly opposite Kerrs Hotel, we will be found ready to repair Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.—Also, Engraving neatly and handsomely executed.

All work warrented for twelve months.

SIKES & GRAY.

January 4, 1863 1m

Valuable Property For Sale.

I WILL sell at auction at the Court House in Rutherfordton, on the second Monday in February, 1863, a two-thirds interest in that valuable

COPPERAS MINE,

situated in the lower part of Rutherford county, near the Cleaveland line. This mine has been in most successful operation since August last, since which time some twenty thousand pounds of Copperas has been manufactured and sold at the rate of from sixty-five to seventy-five cents per pound. The mine is inexhaustable, and this sale offers capitalists a rare chance for investment.

At the same time and place will be sold two large and valuable STEAM ENGINES in good order. Also, several small tracts of land.

Also, two valuable lots in Rutherfordton, on Main street; one of them improved by a handsome two story dwelling house and office and out houses.

☞ L. F. Churchill of Rutherfordton, my attorney, will give any information required.

J. H. CARSON, Reever.

Jan. 10-dts.

FOR HIRE.

Two young healthy negro men. One of them is a fair shoemaker, the other has worked three months at the trade, would make a good dining room servant, attend to horses or work in a garden.

Also two negro women, for good homes. Terms moderate. Enquire at the Bulletin Office. Jan. 9th '63-dtf.

Lincolnton Female Seminary,

LINCOLNTON, N. C.

S. LANDER, A. M., PRINCIPAL.

MISS M. J. TUCKER,
MRS. C. ROSEMAN,
MISS A. M. HAGAN, } ASSISTANTS.
MRS. M. J. LANGDON,
MRS. L. A. LANDOR,

The Spring Session, 1863, will begin on MONDAY, FEBRUARY 2ND, and close on Friday the 19th of June.

Charges Per Session.

Board, including fuel and washing, at $4 per week,	$80 00
Incidental Tax,	1 00
Regular Tuition, including Latin and Singing, from	$10 to 20 00
French,	10 00
Music on Piano or Guitar,	20 00
Use of Instrument,	2 50
Embroidery, Wax Fruit, Feathers, Flowers, each,	5 00

Pupils furnish their own candles, towels and toilet soap.

TERMS:—Seventy-five dollars required in advance; the balance at the end of the session. No deduction for absence unless in cases of serious illness.

The Town of Lincolnton has long been proverbial for its healthiness. It has daily Railroad communication with Charlotte, from which it is only two hours distant. For the benefit of pupils from sickly sections [illegible] the building furnishes accommodations for about sixty boarding pupils.

We pay very especial attention to the elementary branches of education. Every pupil of the School, however far advanced, is required to take Arithmetic, Spelling, Grammar, and Composition, as regular studies.

The fact that we have semi-annual classes enables us to enforce a higher standard of scholarship than is usual in the best institutions conducted on the ordinary annual plan.

We send home at the middle and the end of each session a deportment, scholarship, and punctuality of each pupil.

The School is a private enterprise, being in no wise under the patronage or influence of any sect or denomination. Each pupil is allowed to attend Sunday School in her own church.

For further information, address the Principal. Jan 10, 1863—6w*

NOTICE.

Persons in want of Small Houses will be furnished with Lots and Lumber to build, and can occupy the property until satisfied.

Apply to ROBT. F. DAVIDSON.

Also a small House and Lot for sale.

ROBT. F. DAVIDSON, Agent.

Dec. 20, 1862—3t

APPLES! APPLES!!

I have for sale a few Hundred Bushels of very fine APPLES. Apply [illegible] to the subscriber at Morganton, N. C.

J. A. CLAYWELL.

January 20, 1863—1m

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A LARGE SUPPLY constantly kept at the Manufactory, one door from the "Watchman Office," Salisbury.

Address JNO. A. BRADSHAW,
Dec 30, '62—1m* Salisbury, N. C.

TO OUR FRIENDS.

Having removed to the "Carson Buildings," one door above the Branch Bank, our friends will find us ready to attend to their requests or meet them socially.

WILLIAMS & GRAY.

Jan 2, 1863—tf

WILLIAMS & OATES

have this day associated with them in the *Merchantile and Commission business,*

LEWIS W. SANDERS.

The style of the firm will hereafter be WILLIAMS OATES & Co.

All persons indebted to the late firm of Williams & Oates will please call and settle up, as we wish to close our old business.

WILLIAMS & OATES.

Dec. 2-tf.

TO RENT.

That handsomely fitted up Store, known as China Hall, one of the best locations in Charlotte may be rented the ensuing year. For terms, &c., apply to Dr. HAYS.

Dec. 25, '62—tf.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF N. C. R. R. CO.,
COMPANY SHOPS, Sept. 24, 1862.

Notice is hereby given to shippers and others interested that the tariff of freight rates on this Road will be raised twenty-five per cent, and the rates on passengers to five cents per mile, on and after the first day of October.

T. J. SUMNER, Eng'r & Supt.

Sept 26, 1862—dtf

STOCK FOR SALE.

25 SHARES of Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio R. R. Stock for sale.

Apply to M. L. WRISTON.
Oct. 8. '62-dtf. Treasurer.

MANUFACTURING TO ORDER.

Gentlemen's Strong Sewed BOOTS and SHOES, Scotch bottom.
Ladies' Calf Skin SHOES,
Servant women's Shoes,
Children's Shoes, pegged and sewed.

JOHN F. BUTT,
Dec 4—tf Mint street, Charlotte.

Atlantic, Tenn. & O. R. R.

THE charges on this Road must be prepaid on all Freights going to Stations on this Road where there are no Agents. All such freights will be delivered at said Stations at the owners risk.

A. H. MARTIN,
Freight Agent,
January 22, 1862—tf Charlotte.

APPEAL TO THE CHARITABLE.

The funds for the support of the Charlotte Wayside Hospital are exhausted. The Institution has been sustained during the past year under the supervision of the Board of Commissioners of the Town by donations from our citizens. During this time many sick and wounded soldiers have been taken care of and it is the desire of the Board still to offer aid to our suffering soldiers if our community will aid.

Contributions for the Hospital will be received at the Branch Bank.

THOS. W. DEWEY,
Jan 1, 1862—tf Town Treas.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company, the oldest and most reliable company in the State, insures White persons to the extent of $5,000, and Slaves for two-thirds their market value.

Persons desiring to insure their own lives or their slaves will make application to the Agent at the Branch Bank, Charlotte.

THOS. W. DEWEY, Agent.

Jan 1, 1863—4m

A HANDSOME RESIDENCE

AND

300 ACRES OF LAND,

LYING on the N. C. Railroad and Yadkin river, can be bought by applying to the subscriber in Salisbury. Possession given immediately.

JNO. A. BRADSHAW.

Dec 30, 1862—1m*

WANTED,

At the North Carolina Powder Mills, 10,000 White Oak and Chesnut STAVES of the following dimentions: 4½ inches wide by 2 inches thick and 36 inches long.

S. W. DAVIS, Pres.

Charlotte, N. C., Nov 17, 1862—tf

THE BULLETIN

AND

THE CATAWBA JOURNAL.

The circulation of the above named paper is rapidly increasing, and its influence as an advertising medium is being felt and appreciated by its patrons, having access to almost every neighborhood in this and adjoining Counties, as well as the adjoining Districts in South Carolina.

THE CATAWBA JOURNAL,

One of the largest papers now published in the State, mailed for $1.00 per annum, made up from the columns of the DAILY BULLETIN, has not only become a popular paper, but it affords great advantages to those who wish to use its columns as an advertising medium.

Specimen copies will be sent to any section they may be ordered, free of postage.

For terms, &c., we refer the reader to our imprint.

E. H. BRITTON

The North Carolina WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

CATAWBA COUNTY,

156 MILES WEST OF SALISBURY,

Near the W. N. C. Rail Road,

ARE NOW OPEN FOR VISITORS, OFFERING [illegible] who cannot be accompanied by gentlemen.

Several hundred visitors can be accommodated with cottages, or rooms in the Hotels. A daily mail to the Springs and Hacks at the service of visitors. The decided success of these Springs in former seasons, and the reputation of the managers as caterers, insure satisfaction to visitors.

[illegible]

May 19, 1862—3m

J. S. PHILLIPS,

Merchant Tailor.

HAVING located in Charlotte respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

A [illegible] assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings always on hand, which will be made to order at the shortest notice, in the latest fashion.

Shop three doors South of the Mansion House.

sept. 19 tf

MANSION HOUSE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

THIS well known and popular House has been [illegible] by the undersigned, who has commenced putting it in [illegible] condition, and is now prepared to accommodate transient or permanent boarders upon as liberal terms as the times will admit.

His larder is well supplied, and all other comforts, conveniences or necessaries are in abundance, and he flatters himself that every satisfaction will be given to all those who may favor him with their patronage.

His large experience is a sufficient guarantee of his qualifications as a host and caterer for the [illegible] of the public.

[illegible]

WM. F. MOORE.

[illegible]

HEADQUARTERS,

CAMP OF INSTRUCTION, CAMP HOLMES,
December 1, 1862.

In accordance with instructions from the Secretary of War the following General Order, No. 96, is published:

The Enrolling Officers of this State will pay particular attention to the same and report to these Headquarters all officers and enlisted men who do not comply promptly with said order.

By order of PETER MALLETT,
Col. Commanding Camp of Instruction.
E. N. [illegible], Adjutant.

ADJ'T & INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Richmond, Nov. 27, 1862.

GENERAL ORDERS,
No. 96.

Commandants of conscripts will cause the following orders to be published at least seven times, in a sufficient number of newspapers in [illegible] to [illegible] country.

I. All commissioned officers and enlisted men who are absent from their commands from any other causes than actual disability, or duty under orders from the Secretary of War or from their department commanders will return to their commands without delay.

II. Commissioned officers failing to comply with the provisions of the foregoing paragraph within a reasonable length of time, in no case to exceed twenty days after the publication of this order, shall be dropped from the rolls of the army in disgrace, and their names will be furnished to the commandant of conscripts for enlistment in the ranks.

III. All enlisted men who shall fail to comply with the provisions of paragraph I. of this order, within a reasonable length of time, shall be considered as deserters, and treated accordingly, their names to be furnished to the commandant of conscripts, in their State, for publication or such other action as may be deemed most efficacious.

IV. In order to ensure the efficient cooperation of all concerned to carry this order into immediate effect, Department Commanders are directed to require from the commanding officer of each separate command in their Departments a prompt report of the names of all commissioned officers and enlisted men now absent from their commands. These reports must state in each case the cause of absence, and any regimental, battalion or company commander who shall neglect to furnish such a report, or who shall knowingly be guilty of concealing any case of unauthorized absence, shall, on conviction thereof, be summarily dismissed.

V. Under the provisions of the 2d clause of paragraph I. of General Orders No. 82, commissioned officers and privates who are incapable of bearing arms in consequence of wounds received in battle, but who are otherwise fit for service, are required, if not otherwise assigned to report to the [illegible] commandant of conscripts in their respective States who will, if they are fitted for such duty, assign them to the collection of stragglers and the enforcement of the provisions of this order, with full power to call upon the nearest military authority for such assistance as may be necessary thereto.

VI. Officers of the Quartermaster's Department, charged with payment of troops are hereby directed not to pay any commissioned officer, noncommissioned officer or private who does not furnish satisfactory evidence that he is not liable to the penalties described in the foregoing order. Any disbursing officer who shall make payment in violation of this order shall be liable on his bond for the amount of such payment.

By order;
(Signed) S. COOPER,
Adj't and Inspector General.

Dec 4—7t.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

I shall resume the duties of my school on the 14th of January in the town of [illegible]

TERMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.

For tuition in Primary studies and Elementary Arithmetic,	$16,00
" " Practical Arithmetic with Collateral studies	$24,00
" " Classical Studies	[illegible]

N. B.—No deduction after entering school, except in case of protracted sickness.

jan. 2-1863 3w* R. H. GRIFFITH.

NOTICE.

CAMP NEAR STRASBURG, Nov. 16.

The absent members of Company K, 30th Regt. N. C. T. including those taken prisoners and those whose furloughs have expired are hereby ordered to report themselves in person to their Company, forthwith, otherwise they will be published by name as deserters and delt with accordingly.

By order Lt. Col. Jas. F. [illegible]

JOHN S. WITHERSPOON,
Capt. Co. K, 30th Regt. N. C. T.

P. S. Prisoners have been exchanged up to the 8th.

Nov 21—tf

WANTED TO HIRE.

Five hands to work on Statesville Railroad and ten for the C. & S. C. Rail Road for three months or longer.

WM. JOHNSTON, Pres't.

Sept. 15, 1862—tf.

MILLINERY GOODS.

Received per Steamer from [illegible]

Ladies English STRAW BONNETS.
Donstable and Split Straw Hats.
Misses and Ladies Nymph Hats.
Misses and Ladies Isabella Hats.
Misses and Ladies Catharine Hats.
Misses and Ladies Sylph Hats.
Misses and Ladies Westend riding Hats.
Misses and Ladies Jockey and Zouave Hats.
Boys English Straw Hats.

Just received and for sale at the fashionable Bazaar of KAHNWEILER & BROS.

August 23, '62—tf

ENGLISH GOODS.

Received per Steamer [illegible] Gentlemen's Young Cassimere Suits, West End Collars. Daily expecting White and Fancy colored Shirts.

For sale at KAHNWEILER & BROS.

August 1, 1862—tf

Negroes for Sale.

THE Executors of [illegible], deceased, will sell to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House in [illegible]

[illegible]

Male and Female. [illegible]

[illegible]

Asheville, Dec 29, [illegible]

WILLIAMS & OATES

[illegible]

Cotton Buyers, Grocers & Produce Dealers.

Agents for [illegible]

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

INK MANUFACTORY.

[illegible]

FRENCH WRITING INK.

[illegible]